

Prototype QTL Strategy: Phenotype bp in Cross hyper

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Overview

Initialization

1-D & 2-D Scans

Anova Fit

User Customized Section

Conclusion

Automated Strategy

- ▶ Estimate positions and effects of main QTL.
- ▶ Find chromosomes with epistasis.
- ▶ Estimate epistatic pair positions and effects.
- ▶ Confirm genetic architecture with ANOVA.

Running Sweave

```
> library(qtlbim)

> qb.sweave(hyper, pheno.col = 1,
+   n.iter = 3000, n.draws = 8,
+   scan.type = "2logBF", hpd.level = 0.5,
+   threshold = c(upper = 2),
+   SweaveFile = "/tmp/Rinst2993130414/qtlbim/doc/hyperslide.Rnw",
+   SweaveExtra = "/tmp/Rinst2993130414/qtlbim/external/hyperslideextra.Rnw",
+   PDFDir = "bpPDF",
+   remove.qb = TRUE)
```

Cross Object

```
> summary(cross)
```

Backcross

No. individuals: 250

No. phenotypes: 2

Percent phenotyped: 100 100

No. chromosomes: 19

 Autosomes: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19

Total markers: 170

No. markers: 22 8 6 20 14 11 7 6 5 5 14 5 5 5 11 6 12 4 4

Percent genotyped: 47.9

Genotypes (%): AA:50.1 AB:49.9

Create MCMC runs

```
> cross <- qb.genoprob(cross,step=2)
> cross.qb <- qb.mcmc(cross, pheno.col = pheno.col,
+   genoupdate=TRUE, n.iter = 3000, verbose=FALSE)
```

1-D 2logBF Scan

```
> hpd.level
[1] 0.5

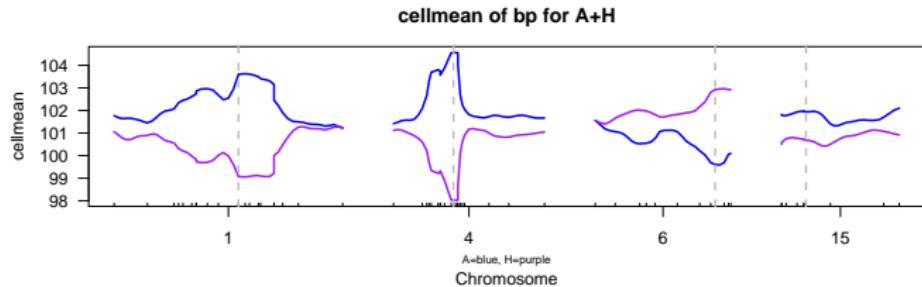
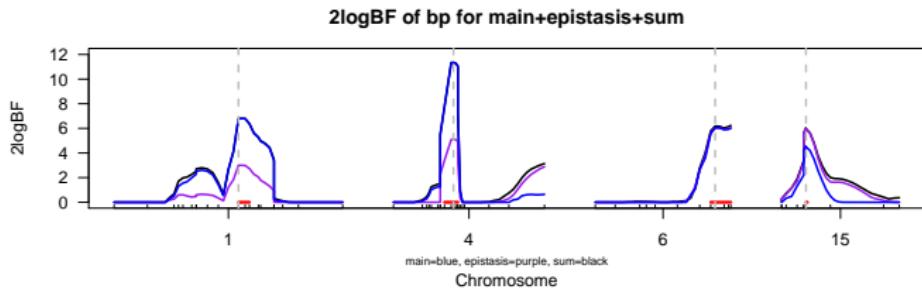
> cross.hpd <- qb.hpdone(cross.qb, hpd.level)
> sum.one <- summary(cross.hpd)
> sum.one

  chr n.qtl  pos lo.50% hi.50% 2logBF       A       H
1    1 0.694 64.5   64.5   69.9   6.796 103.604 99.073
4    4 3.460 29.5   25.1   31.7 11.347 104.561 98.026
6    6 1.107 59.0   56.8   66.7   6.179  99.606 102.924
15   15 0.341 17.5   17.5   17.5   6.032 101.940 100.692

> chrs <- as.vector(sum.one[, "chr"])
> pos <- sum.one[, "pos"]

> plot(cross.hpd, profile = scan.type)
```

1-D Scan: 2logBF Profile



2-D: find epistatic pairs

```
> two <- qb.scantwo(cross.qb, chr = chrs, type = scan.type)
> sum.two <- summary(two, sort = "upper", threshold = threshold,
+   refine = TRUE)
> sum.two

upper: 2logBF of bp for epistasis
lower: 2logBF of bp for full
Thresholds: upper=2

      n.qtl l.pos1 l.pos2 lower u.pos1 u.pos2 upper
c6 :c15 1.080   59.0   17.5 12.78   59.0   17.5 12.75
c4 :c6  1.561   29.5   66.7 14.88   74.3   59.0  7.73
c4 :c15 0.446   29.5   17.5 14.54   74.3   35.5  7.35
c1 :c4  1.352   67.8   29.5 15.71   72.1   29.5  7.30
c15:c15 0.105   17.5   27.5  8.13   17.5   25.5  7.23
c1 :c15 1.145   67.8   17.5 12.01   77.6   17.5  5.79
c1 :c6  1.831   67.8   59.0 12.61   75.4   65.6  4.76
c4 :c4  0.298   29.5   74.3 11.82    0.0   28.4  4.76
c6 :c6  1.214   61.2   65.6  7.44   27.3   65.6  4.76
c1 :c1  0.362   46.5   75.4  7.61   43.7   74.3  4.70
```

Initial Genetic Architecture

```
> cross.arch <- qb.arch(sum.two, chrs, pos)
> cross.arch

main QTL loci:
    1      2 3      4      5      6      7      8      9
chr  1.0  1.00 4  4.00  4.0  6.0  6.00 15.0 15.00
pos 43.7 72.78 0 29.13 74.3 27.3 61.64 19.1 35.55

Epistatic pairs by qtl, chr, pos:
  qtla qtlb chra chrB posa posb
  1     7     8     6    15 61.64 19.10
  2     5     7     4     6 74.30 61.64
  3     5     9     4    15 74.30 35.55
  4     2     4     1     4 72.78 29.13
  5     2     8     1    15 72.78 19.10
  6     2     7     1     6 72.78 61.64
  7     3     4     4     4 0.00 29.13
  8     6     7     6    27.30 61.64
  9     1     2     1     1 43.70 72.78

Epistatic chromosomes by connected sets:
1,4,6,15
```

Construct QTL Object

use R/qtl tools to check model fit
first simulate missing markers
then construct QTL object

```
> cross.sub <- subset(cross, chr = cross.arch$qtl$chr)
> n.draws
[1] 8

> cross.sub <- sim.gen(cross.sub, n.draws = n.draws, step = 2,
+   error = 0.01)
> qtl <- makeqtl(cross.sub, cross.arch$qtl$chr, cross.arch$qtl$pos)
> cross.sub <- clean(cross.sub)
```

Stepwise Reduction

```
> cross.step <- step.fitqtl(cross.sub, qtl, pheno.col, cross.arch)

  drop          LOD      P
1 Chr1@72.78:Chr6@61.64 -0.02600 1.000
2 Chr4@74.3:Chr6@61.64 -0.00054 1.000
3 Chr6@27.3:Chr6@61.64  0.28100 0.273
4 Chr1@72.78:Chr4@29.13 0.26500 0.286
5 Chr400:Chr4@29.13    0.15900 0.408
6 Chr1@43.7:Chr1@72.78  0.25200 0.296
7 Chr6@27.3             0.27300 0.275
8 Chr400                0.35200 0.215
9 Chr1@72.78:Chr15@19.1 0.44300 0.163

> summary(cross.step$fit)

      df      SS      MS      LOD      %var Pvalue(Chi2) Pvalue(F)
Model   9  7123.825 791.53608 28.01990 40.31836          0          0
Error  240 10545.112 43.93797
Total  249 17668.936
```

Stepwise Reduction

	df	Type III SS	LOD	%var	F value	Pvalue(F)	
Chr1@43.7	1	382.052	1.932	2.162	8.695	0.003505	**
Chr1@72.78	1	455.132	2.294	2.576	10.359	0.001467	**
Chr4@29.13	1	2609.775	12.004	14.770	59.397	3.40e-13	***
Chr4@74.3	2	869.169	4.300	4.919	9.891	7.45e-05	***
Chr6@61.64	2	1795.542	8.536	10.162	20.433	6.39e-09	***
Chr15@19.1	2	1446.878	6.980	8.189	16.465	1.99e-07	***
Chr15@35.55	2	734.916	3.657	4.159	8.363	0.000308	***
Chr6@61.64:Chr15@19.1	1	1382.774	6.689	7.826	31.471	5.56e-08	***
Chr4@74.3:Chr15@35.55	1	646.984	3.233	3.662	14.725	0.000159	***

Reduced Genetic architecture

```
> cross.arch <- cross.step$arch
> cross.arch

main QTL loci:
      1      2      4      5      7      8      9
chr  1.0  1.00  4.00  4.0  6.00 15.0 15.00
pos 43.7 72.78 29.13 74.3 61.64 19.1 35.55

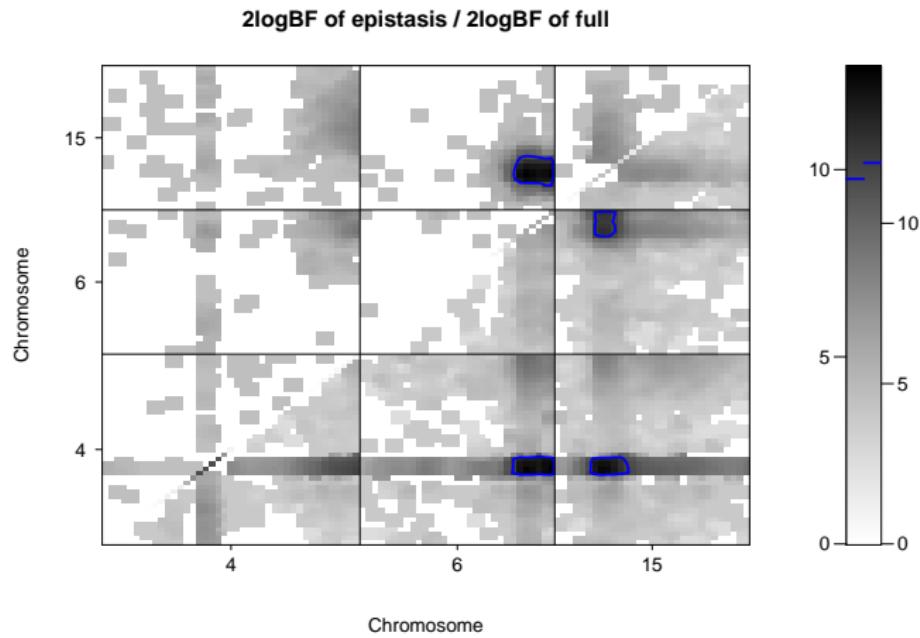
Epistatic pairs by qtl, chr, pos:
  q1 q2 chra chrb posa posb
1 7   8   6   15 61.64 19.10
2 5   9   4   15 74.30 35.55
Epistatic chromosomes by connected sets:
4,6,15
```

2-D Plots

2-D plots by cliques (if any epistasis)

```
> for(i in names(cross.arch$chr.by.set))  
+   plot(two, chr = cross.arch$chr.by.set[[i]], smooth = 3,  
+         col = "gray", contour = 3)
```

2-D Plots: clique 1

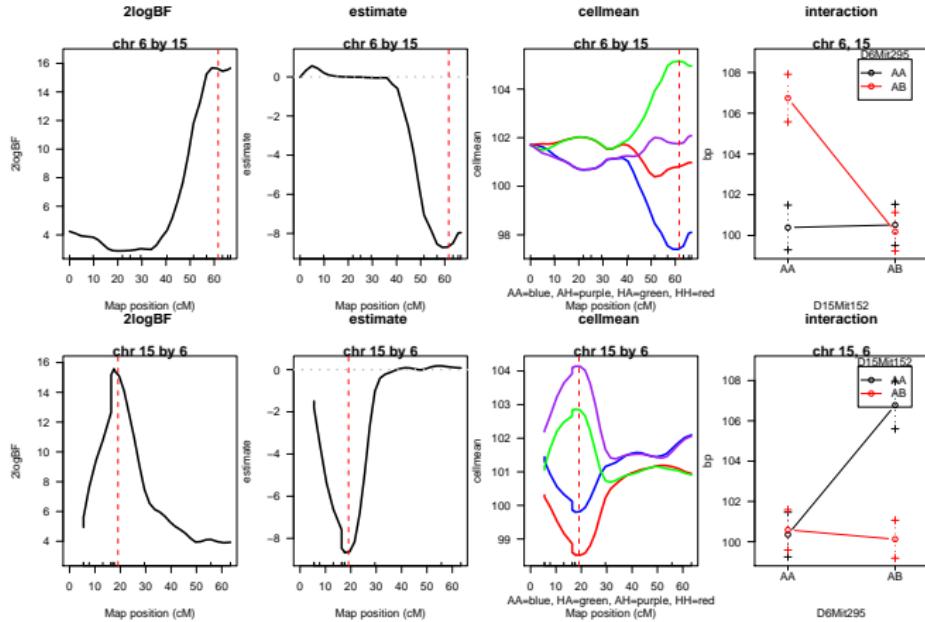


Slice Each Epistatic Pair

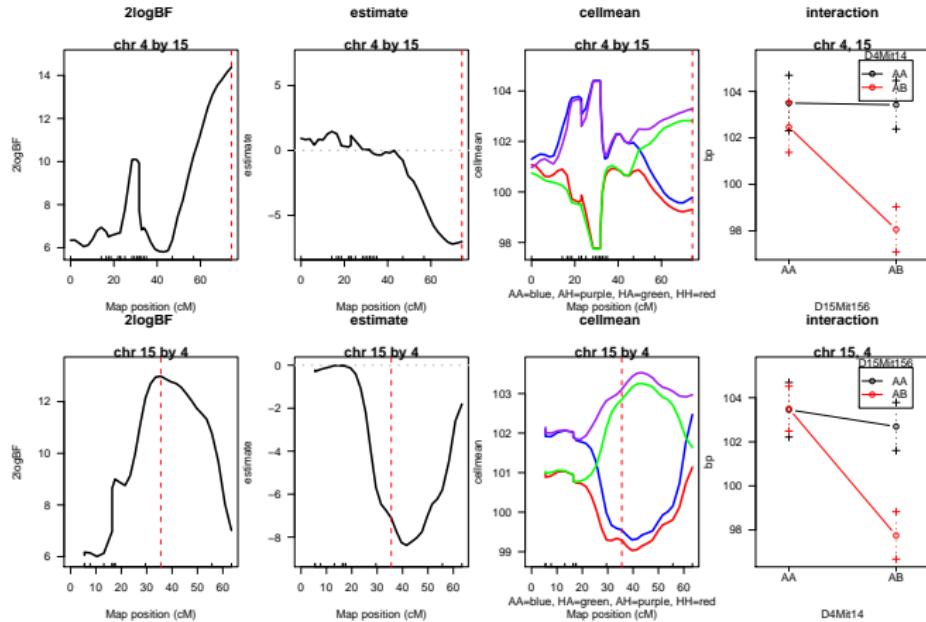
show detail plots for epistatic pairs (if any)

```
> if(!is.null(cross.arch$pair.by.chr)) {  
+   for(i in seq(nrow(cross.arch$pair.by.chr$chr))) {  
+     chri <- cross.arch$pair.by.chr$chr[i,]  
+     posi <- cross.arch$pair.by.chr$pos[i,]  
+     plot(qb.slicetwo(cross.qb, chri, posi, scan.type))  
+   }  
+}
```

Epistatic Pair 6 and 15



Epistatic Pair 4 and 15



Compare with Literature

Sugiyama et al. (2002) found:
two main QTLs on 1 4
two epistatic pairs with 6.15, 7.15
compare to present model:

```
> arch3 <- qb.arch(cross.step, main = c(1, 4), epistasis = data.frame(q1 = c(6,
+           7), q2 = rep(15, 2)))
> arch3
```

Sugiyama Model

```
> cross.step2 <- step.fitqtl(cross.sub, qtl, pheno.col, arch3)
> summary(cross.step2$fit)
```

Sugiyama vs. Automata

formal comparison with automated model

```
> anova(cross.step, cross.step2)
```

final tasks:

externally rename file hyperslide.tex to bp.tex
and run pdflatex twice on it
remove objects created by R/qtlbim if desired

```
> file.rename("hyperslide.tex", "bp.tex")
> invisible(system("pdflatex bp.tex", intern=TRUE))
> invisible(system("pdflatex bp.tex", intern=TRUE))

> remove.qb
[1] FALSE

> if (remove.qb) {
+   qb.remove(cross.qb)
+   rm(cross, cross.sub, pheno.col, threshold, n.iter, n.draws,
+       remove.qb)
+ }
```