

Package ‘IOHanalyzer’

May 31, 2021

Type Package

Title Data Analysis Part of 'IOHprofiler'

Version 0.1.5.2

Author Hao Wang [cre, aut],
Diederick Vermetten [aut],
Carola Doerr [aut],
Thomas Bäck [aut]

Maintainer Hao Wang <h.wang@liacs.leidenuniv.nl>

Description The data analysis module for the Iterative Optimization Heuristics Profiler ('IOHprofiler'). This module provides statistical analysis methods for the benchmark data generated by optimization heuristics, which can be visualized through a web-based interface. The benchmark data is usually generated by the experimentation module, called 'IOHexperimenter'. 'IOHanalyzer' also supports the widely used 'COCO' (Comparing Continuous Optimisers) data format for benchmarking.

License BSD_3_clause + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

URL <http://iohprofiler.liacs.nl>,
<https://github.com/IOHprofiler/IOHanalyzer>

BugReports <https://github.com/IOHprofiler/IOHanalyzer/issues>

Imports magrittr, dplyr, data.table, ggplot2, plotly, colorspace,
colorRamps, RColorBrewer, shiny, markdown, reshape2, shinyjs,
colourpicker, bsplus, DT, kableExtra, stringi, httr, knitr

LinkingTo Rcpp

SystemRequirements C++11

RoxygenNote 7.0.0

Suggests Rcpp, testthat, withr, shinydashboard, ComplexHeatmap, grid,
keyring, PlayerRatings, xtable, igraph

Depends R (>= 2.10)

NeedsCompilation yes

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2021-05-31 15:40:02 UTC

R topics documented:

==.DataSet	4
arrange	5
as.character.DataSet	5
AUC	6
bootstrap_RT	6
c.DataSet	7
c.DataSetList	8
cat.DataSet	8
check_dsc_configured	9
check_format	9
clean_DataSetList	10
DataSet	10
DataSetList	11
dsl	12
dsl_large	12
ECDF	13
fast_RT_samples	13
generate_data.Aggr	14
generate_data.AUC	14
generate_data.ECDF	15
generate_data.ECDF_raw	16
generate_data.hist	16
generate_data.Parameters	17
generate_data.PMF	17
generate_data.Single_Function	18
get_algId	18
get_color_scheme	19
get_color_scheme_dt	19
get_default_ECDF_targets	20
get_dim	20
get_dsc_omnibus	21
get_dsc_posthoc	21
get_dsc_rank	22
get_ECDF_targets	23
get_ERT	24
get_funcId	25
get_funvals	25
get_FV_overview	26
get_FV_sample	26
get_FV_summary	27
get_line_style	28
get_marg_contrib_ecdf	29

get_maxRT	29
get_overview	30
get_parId	31
get_PAR_name	31
get_PAR_sample	32
get_PAR_summary	33
get_RT_overview	34
get_RT_sample	34
get_RT_summary	35
get_runtimes	36
get_shapley_values	37
get_target_dt	37
glicko2_ranking	38
IOHanalyzer	39
IOH_plot_ly_default	39
limit.data	40
max_ERTs	40
mean_FVs	41
pairwise.test	42
Plot.FV.Aggregated	43
Plot.FV.ECDF_AUC	44
Plot.FV.ECDF_Per_Target	44
Plot.FV.ECDF_Single_Func	45
Plot.FV.Histogram	46
Plot.FV.Multi_Func	47
Plot.FV.Parameters	48
Plot.FV.PDF	49
Plot.FV.Single_Func	49
Plot.Performviz	50
Plot.RT.Aggregated	51
Plot.RT.ECDF_AUC	52
Plot.RT.ECDF_Multi_Func	53
Plot.RT.ECDF_Per_Target	53
Plot.RT.ECDF_Single_Func	54
Plot.RT.Histogram	55
Plot.RT.Multi_Func	56
Plot.RT.Parameters	57
Plot.RT.PMF	58
Plot.RT.Single_Func	58
Plot.Stats.Glicko2_Candlestick	60
Plot.Stats.Significance_Graph	60
Plot.Stats.Significance_Heatmap	61
plot_general_data	62
print.DataSet	63
print.DataSetList	64
read_index_file	64
register_DSC	65
runServer	65

save_plotly	66
save_table	66
scan_index_file	67
seq_FV	68
seq_RT	68
set_color_scheme	69
set_DSC_credentials	70
SP	70
subset.DataSetList	71
summary.DataSet	71
summary.DataSetList	72
[.DataSetList	72

Index	74
--------------	-----------

==.DataSet	<i>S3 generic == operator for DataSets</i>
------------	--

Description

S3 generic == operator for DataSets

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
dsL == dsR
```

Arguments

dsL	A 'DataSet' object
dsR	A 'DataSet' object

Value

True if the DataSets contain the same function, dimension and algorithm, and have the exact same attributes

Examples

```
ds1[[1]] == ds1[[2]]
```

arrange	<i>S3 sort function for DataSetList</i>
---------	---

Description

Sorts a DataSetList based on the custom specified attributes ('algId', 'DIM' or 'funcId'). Default is as ascending, can be made descending by adding a - in front of the attribute. Sorting accross multiple attributes is supported, in the order they are specified.

Usage

```
arrange(dsl, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
arrange(dsl, ...)
```

Arguments

dsl	The DataSetList to sort
...	attribute by which 'dsl' is sorted. Multiple attributes can be specified.

Examples

```
arrange(dsl, DIM, -funcId, algId)
```

as.character.DataSet	<i>S3 generic as.character operator for DataSet</i>
----------------------	---

Description

S3 generic as.character operator for DataSet

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
as.character(x, verbose = F, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A DataSet object
verbose	Verbose mode, currently not implemented
...	Arguments passed to other methods

Value

A short description of the DataSet

Examples

```
as.character(ds1[[1]])
```

AUC *Area Under Curve (Empirical Cumulative Distribution Function)*

Description

Area Under Curve (Empirical Cumulative Distribution Function)

Usage

```
AUC(fun, from = NULL, to = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'ECDF'
AUC(fun, from = NULL, to = NULL)
```

Arguments

fun A ECDF object.
 from double. Starting point of the area on x-axis
 to double. Ending point of the area on x-axis

Value

a object of type 'ECDF'

Examples

```
ecdf <- ECDF(ds1,c(12,14))
AUC(ecdf, 0, 100)
```

bootstrap_RT *Bootstrapping for running time samples*

Description

Bootstrapping for running time samples

Usage

```
bootstrap_RT(x, max_eval, bootstrap.size)
```

Arguments

`x` A numeric vector. A sample of the running time.
`max_eval` A numeric vector, containing the maximal running time in each run. It should have the same size as `x`
`bootstrap.size` integer, the size of the bootstrapped sample

Value

A numeric vector of the bootstrapped running time sample

Examples

```
ds <- dsl[[1]]
x <- get_RT_sample(ds, ftarget = 16, output = 'long')
max_eval <- get_maxRT(dsl, output = 'long')
bootstrap_RT(x$RT, max_eval$maxRT, bootstrap.size = 30)
```

`c.DataSet`*S3 concatenation function for DataSet*

Description

Concatenation for DataSets. Combines multiple runs from separate DataSets into a single DataSet object if all provided arguments have the same dimension, function ID and algorithm ID, and each contains only a single run. Currently does not support parameter tracking

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
c(...)
```

Arguments

`...` The DataSets to concatenate

Value

A new DataSet

Examples

```
c(dsl[[1]], dsl[[1]])
```

c.DataSetList *S3 concatenation function for DataSetList*

Description

S3 concatenation function for DataSetList

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'  
c(...)
```

Arguments

... The DataSetLists to concatenate

Value

A new DataSetList

Examples

```
c(dsl[1], dsl[3])
```

cat.DataSet *S3 generic cat operator for DataSet*

Description

S3 generic cat operator for DataSet

Usage

```
cat.DataSet(x)
```

Arguments

x A DataSet object

Value

A short description of the DataSet

Examples

```
cat.DataSet(dsl[[1]])
```

check_dsc_configured *Verify that the credentials for DSCtool have been set*

Description

This uses the keyring package to store and load credentials. If the keyring package does not exist, it will default to look for a config-file in the 'repository'-folder, under your home directory. This can be changed by setting the option IOHprofiler.config_dir. If you already have an account, please call 'set_DSC_credentials' with the corresponding username and password. If you don't have an account, you can register for one using 'register_DSC'.

Usage

```
check_dsc_configured()
```

Examples

```
check_dsc_configured()
```

check_format *Check the format of data*

Description

Throws a warning when multiple formats are found in the same folder.

Usage

```
check_format(path)
```

Arguments

path The path to the folder to check

Value

The format of the data in the given folder. Either 'COCO', 'IOHprofiler', 'NEVERGRAD' or 'SOS'.

Examples

```
path <- system.file("extdata", "ONE_PLUS_LAMDA_EA", package = "IOHanalyzer")
check_format(path)
```

clean_DataSetList	<i>Clean DataSetList object by concatenating DataSets</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Concatenates all DataSets with the same algorithm name, function id and dimension

Usage

```
clean_DataSetList(dsList)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object to clean
--------	---------------------------------

Examples

```
clean_DataSetList(dsl)
```

DataSet	<i>Constructor of S3 class 'DataSet'</i>
---------	--

Description

DataSet contains the following attributes * funId * DIM * algId * datafile * instance * maxEvals * finalFunEvals * comment * Additional attributes based on the original format

Usage

```
DataSet(info, verbose = F, maximization = NULL, format = IOHprofiler,
        subsampling = FALSE)
```

Arguments

info	A List. Contains a set of in a *.info file.
verbose	Logical.
maximization	Logical. Whether the underlying optimization algorithm performs a maximization? Set to NULL to determine automatically based on format
format	A character. The format of data source, either 'IOHProfiler', 'COCO' or 'TWO_COL'
subsampling	Logical. Whether *.cdat files are subsampled?

Value

A S3 object 'DataSet'

Examples

```
path <- system.file('extdata', 'ONE_PLUS_LAMDA_EA', package = 'IOHanalyzer')
info <- read_index_file(file.path(path, 'IOHprofiler_f1_i1.info'))
DataSet(info[[1]])
```

DataSetList *S3 constructor of the 'DataSetList'*

Description

Attributes funId DIM algId

Usage

```
DataSetList(path = NULL, verbose = T, print_fun = NULL,
             maximization = NULL, format = IOHprofiler, subsampling = FALSE)
```

Arguments

path	Path to the data files. Will look for all .info-files in this directory and use the corresponding datafiles to create the DataSetList
verbose	Logical.
print_fun	Function used to print output when in verbose mode
maximization	Logical. Whether the underlying optimization algorithm performs a maximization?
format	A character. The format of data source, options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 'IOHprofiler' • 'COCO' • 'TWO_COL' • 'COCO_BIOBJ' • 'NEVERGRAD' • 'SOS' <p>These formats are specified in more detail in our github wiki.</p>
subsampling	Logical. Whether *.cdat files are subsampled?

Value

A DataSetList object

Examples

```
path <- system.file("extdata", "ONE_PLUS_LAMDA_EA", package = "IOHanalyzer")
DataSetList(path)
```

`dsl`*Example DataSetList used in tests / examples*

Description

A DataSetList containing DataSets on 2 IOHProfiler functions from 2 algorithms in 16D

Usage`dsl`**Format**`DataSetList`**Examples**`summary(dsl)`

`dsl_large`*Larger example DataSetList used in tests / examples*

Description

A DataSetList containing DataSets on all IOHProfiler functions from 11 algorithms in 100D

Usage`dsl_large`**Format**`DataSetList`**Examples**`summary(dsl_large)`

ECDF	<i>Empirical Cumulative Distribution Function of Runtime of a single data set</i>
------	---

Description

Empirical Cumulative Distribution Function of Runtime of a single data set

Usage

```
ECDF(ds, ftarget, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
ECDF(ds, ftarget, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
ECDF(ds, ftarget, ...)
```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object.
ftarget	A Numerical vector. Function values at which runtime values are consumed
...	Arguments passed to other methods

Value

a object of type 'ECDF'

Examples

```
ECDF(ds1,c(12,14))
ECDF(ds1[[1]],c(12,14))
```

fast_RT_samples	<i>Function to get just the RT samples needed, without any formatting to improve speed</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Function to get just the RT samples needed, without any formatting to improve speed

Usage

```
fast_RT_samples(RT_mat, target, maximization = F)
```

Arguments

RT_mat	A matrix containing the RT-values of a dataset
target	Which target-value to use
maximization	Whether maximization is needed or not

generate_data.Aggr *Generate dataframe of a single function/dimension pair*

Description

This function generates a dataframe which can be easily plotted using the 'plot_general_data'-function

Usage

```
generate_data.Aggr(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId", targets = NULL,
  which = "by_RT")
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
aggr_on	Which attribute to use for aggregation. Either 'funcId' or 'DIM'
targets	Optional list of target values (Runtime or target value)
which	Whether to use a fixed-target 'by_RT' perspective or fixed-budget 'by_FV'

Examples

```
generate_data.Aggr(ds1)
```

generate_data.AUC *Generate dataframe containing the AUC for any ECDF-curves*

Description

This function generates a dataframe which can be easily plotted using the 'plot_general_data'-function

Usage

```
generate_data.AUC(dsList, targets, scale_log = F, which = "by_RT",
  dt_ecdf = NULL, multiple_x = FALSE)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
targets	A list or data.table containing the targets per function / dimension. If this is a data.table, it needs columns 'target', 'DIM' and 'funcId'
scale_log	Whether to use logarithmic scaling or not
which	Whether to use a fixed-target 'by_RT' perspective or fixed-budget 'by_FV'
dt_ecdf	A data table of the ECDF to avoid needless recomputations. Will take preference if it is provided together with dsList and targets
multiple_x	Boolean, whether to get only the total AUC or get stepwise AUC values

Examples

```
generate_data.AUC(ds1, get_ECDF_targets(ds1))
generate_data.AUC(NULL, NULL, dt_ecdf = generate_data.ECDF(ds1, get_ECDF_targets(ds1)))
```

```
generate_data.ECDF      Generate dataframe of a single function/dimension pair
```

Description

This function generates a dataframe which can be easily plotted using the 'plot_general_data'-function

Usage

```
generate_data.ECDF(dsList, targets, scale_log = F, which = "by_RT",
  use_full_range = TRUE)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
targets	A list or data.table containing the targets per function / dimension. If this is a data.table, it needs columns 'target', 'DIM' and 'funcId'
scale_log	Whether to use logarithmic scaling or not
which	Whether to use a fixed-target 'by_RT' perspective or fixed-budget 'by_FV'
use_full_range	Whether or not to use the full range of the x-axis or cut it off as soon as all algorithms reach 98% success (+10% buffer). Only supported in the case of one function and dimension

Examples

```
generate_data.ECDF(subset(ds1, funcId == 1), c(10, 15, 16))
```

```
generate_data.ECDF_raw
```

Generate dataframe of a the unaggregated values of individual algorithms. Stripped-down version of

Description

This provides an unaggregated version of the function 'generate_data.ECDF'.

Usage

```
generate_data.ECDF_raw(dsList, targets, scale_log = F)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
targets	A list or data.table containing the targets per function / dimension. If this is a data.table, it needs columns 'target', 'DIM' and 'funcId'
scale_log	Whether to use logarithmic scaling or not

Examples

```
generate_data.ECDF_raw(subset(dsl, funcId == 1), c(10, 15, 16))
```

```
generate_data.hist      Generate dataframe of a single function/dimension pair
```

Description

This function generates a dataframe which can be easily plotted using the 'plot_general_data'-function

Usage

```
generate_data.hist(dsList, target, use.equal.bins = F, which = "by_RT")
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
target	The target value (Runtime or target value)
use.equal.bins	Whether all bins should be equal size for each algorithm or not
which	Whether to use a fixed-target 'by_RT' perspective or fixed-budget 'by_FV'

Examples

```
generate_data.hist(subset(dsl, funcId == 1), target = 15, which = 'by_RT')
```

```
generate_data.Parameters
```

Generate dataframe of a single function/dimension pair

Description

This function generates a dataframe which can be easily plotted using the 'plot_general_data'-function

Usage

```
generate_data.Parameters(dsList, which = "by_RT", scale_log = F)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
which	Whether to use a fixed-target 'by_RT' perspective or fixed-budget 'by_FV'
scale_log	Whether to use logarithmic scaling or not

Examples

```
generate_data.Parameters(subset(ds1, funcId == 1))
```

```
generate_data.PMF
```

Generate dataframe of a single function/dimension pair for creating PDF or PMF plots

Description

This function generates a dataframe which can be easily plotted using the 'plot_general_data'-function

Usage

```
generate_data.PMF(dsList, target, which = "by_RT")
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
target	The target value (Runtime or target value)
which	Whether to use a fixed-target 'by_RT' perspective or fixed-budget 'by_FV'

Examples

```
generate_data.PMF(subset(ds1, funcId == 1), target = 15, which = 'by_RT')
```

```
generate_data.Single_Function
```

Generate dataframe of a single function/dimension pair

Description

This function generates a dataframe which can be easily plotted using the 'plot_general_data'-function

Usage

```
generate_data.Single_Function(dsList, start = NULL, stop = NULL,
  scale_log = F, which = "by_RT", include_opts = F, budget = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
start	Optional start value (Runtime or target value)
stop	Optional end value (Runtime or target value)
scale_log	Whether to use logarithmic scaling or not
which	Whether to use a fixed-target 'by_RT' perspective or fixed-budget 'by_FV'
include_opts	Whether or not to also include the best value hit by each algorithm to the generated datapoints
budget	Optional; overwrites the budget of each individual algorithm when doing ERT calculations. Only works in fixed_target mode.

Examples

```
generate_data.Single_Function(subset(dsl, funcId == 1), which = 'by_RT')
```

```
get_algId
```

Get all algorithm ids present in a DataSetList

Description

Get all algorithm ids present in a DataSetList

Usage

```
get_algId(dsList)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList
--------	-----------------

Value

A sorted list of all unique algorithm ids which occur in the DataSetList

Examples

```
get_algId(dsl)
```

<code>get_color_scheme</code>	<i>Get colors according to the current colorScheme of the IOHanalyzer</i>
-------------------------------	---

Description

Get colors according to the current colorScheme of the IOHanalyzer

Usage

```
get_color_scheme(alnames_in)
```

Arguments

`alnames_in` List of algorithms for which to get colors

Examples

```
get_color_scheme(get_algId(dsl))
```

<code>get_color_scheme_dt</code>	<i>Get datatable of current color (and linestyle) scheme to file</i>
----------------------------------	--

Description

Get datatable of current color (and linestyle) scheme to file

Usage

```
get_color_scheme_dt()
```

Value

data.table object with 3 columns: alnames, colors, linestyles

Examples

```
get_color_scheme_dt()
```

`get_default_ECDF_targets`*Generate ECDF targets for a DataSetList*

Description

Generate ECDF targets for a DataSetList

Usage

```
get_default_ECDF_targets(data, format_func = as.integer)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A DataSetList
<code>format_func</code>	function to format the targets

Value

a vector of targets

Examples

```
get_default_ECDF_targets(dsl)
```

`get_dim`*Get all dimensions present in a DataSetList*

Description

Get all dimensions present in a DataSetList

Usage

```
get_dim(dsList)
```

Arguments

<code>dsList</code>	The DataSetList
---------------------	-----------------

Value

A sorted list of all unique dimensions which occur in the DataSetList

Examples

```
get_dim(dsl)
```

get_dsc_omnibus	<i>Perform omnibus statistical tests on the matrix of rankings from the DSCtool api</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Perform omnibus statistical tests on the matrix of rankings from the DSCtool api

Usage

```
get_dsc_omnibus(res, method = NULL, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

res	The result of a call to the ‘get_dsc_rank’
method	Which method to use to do the tests. Has be be one of the allowed ones in ‘res\$valid_methods’. When NULL, the first valid option is chosen by default
alpha	Threshold value for statistical significance

Value

A named list containing the algorithm means

Examples

```
get_dsc_omnibus(get_dsc_rank(dsl))
```

get_dsc_posthoc	<i>Perform post-hoc processing on data from DSCtool</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Perform post-hoc processing on data from DSCtool

Usage

```
get_dsc_posthoc(omni_res, nr_algs, nr_problems, base_algorithm = NULL,
  method = "friedman", alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

omni_res	The result from a call to 'get_dsc_omnibus'
nr_algs	The number of algorithms present in 'omni_res'
nr_problems	The number of problems present in 'omni_res'
base_algorithm	The base algorithm to which the other are compared. This has to be present in 'omni_res\$algorithm_means' as an 'algorithm' property
method	Either 'friedman' or 'friedman-aligned-rank'
alpha	Threshold value for statistical significance

Value

A named list containing 4 types of analyses: * Zvalue * UnadjustedPValue * Holm * Hochberg

Examples

```
get_dsc_posthoc(get_dsc_omnibus(get_dsc_rank(dsl)), 2, 2)
```

get_dsc_rank	<i>Get the matrix of rankings using the DSCtool api for a DataSetList</i>
--------------	---

Description

Get the matrix of rankings using the DSCtool api for a DataSetList

Usage

```
get_dsc_rank(dsList, targets = NULL, which = "by_RT",
  test_type = "AD", alpha = 0.05, epsilon = 0,
  monte_carlo_iterations = 0, na.correction = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
targets	Optional list of target values (Runtime or target value)
which	Whether to use a fixed-target 'by_RT' perspective or fixed-budget 'by_FV'
test_type	Either 'AD' for Anderson-Darling or KS for Kolmogorov-Smirnov tests
alpha	Threshold value for statistical significance
epsilon	Minimum threshold to have practical difference between algorithms (eDSC)
monte_carlo_iterations	How many monte-carlo-simulations to perform (set to 0 to use regular DSC)
na.correction	How to deal with missing values. Only used in fixed-target perspective. Options are: - 'NULL': No correction is done. This will likely result in an error, as the DSCtool does not allow for na values - 'PAR-1' Replace missing values with Budget (budget taken from relevant DataSet) - 'PAR-10' Replace missing values with 10*Budget (budget taken from relevant DataSet) - 'ERT' Replace NA values with the Expected Running Time. If all values are NA, this reverts to nr_runs * budget - 'Remove-na' Removes all NA values

Value

A named list containing a ranked-matrix which has the rankin of each algorithm on each problem, as well as a list of which omnibus tests can be used to further process this data. This can be further analyzed using 'get_dsc_omnibus'

Examples

```
get_dsc_rank(dsl)
```

get_ECDF_targets	<i>Generation of default ECDF-targets</i>
------------------	---

Description

Generation of default ECDF-targets

Usage

```
get_ECDF_targets(dsList, type = "log-linear", number_targets = 10)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object for which to generate the targets
type	The way to generate the targets. Either 'log-linear', 'linear' or 'bbob' (51 fixed targets, equal for all functions / dimensions)
number_targets	The amount of targets to generate

Value

A data.table with 3 columns: funcId, DIM and target

Examples

```
get_ECDF_targets(dsl, 'linear', 10)
```

get_ERT	<i>Get Expected RunTime</i>
---------	-----------------------------

Description

Get Expected RunTime

Usage

```
get_ERT(ds, ftarget, budget, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'DataSet'  
get_ERT(ds, ftarget, budget = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'  
get_ERT(ds, ftarget, budget = NULL,  
        algorithm = "all", ...)
```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object
ftarget	The function target(s) for which to get the ERT
budget	Optional; overwrites the budget found in ds for ERT-calculation
...	Arguments passed to other methods
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table containing the runtime samples for each provided target function value

Examples

```
get_ERT(ds1, 14)  
get_ERT(ds1[[1]], 14)
```

get_funcId	<i>Get all function ids present in a DataSetList</i>
------------	--

Description

Get all function ids present in a DataSetList

Usage

```
get_funcId(dsList)
```

Arguments

dsList The DataSetList

Value

A sorted list of all unique function ids which occur in the DataSetList

Examples

```
get_funcId(ds1)
```

get_funvals	<i>Get all function values present in a DataSetList</i>
-------------	---

Description

Get all function values present in a DataSetList

Usage

```
get_funvals(dsList)
```

Arguments

dsList The DataSetList

Value

A list matrices of all function values which occur in the DataSetList

Examples

```
get_funvals(ds1)
```

get_FV_overview	<i>Get Function Value condensed overview</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Get Function Value condensed overview

Usage

```
get_FV_overview(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_FV_overview(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_FV_overview(ds, algorithm = "all", ...)
```

Arguments

ds	A 'DataSet' or 'DataSetList' object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table containing the algorithm ID, best, worst and mean reached function values, the number of runs and available budget for the DataSet

Examples

```
get_FV_overview(dsl)
get_FV_overview(dsl[[1]])
get_FV_overview(dsl, algorithm = '(1+1)_greedy_hill_climber_1')
```

get_FV_sample	<i>Get Funtion Value Samples</i>
---------------	----------------------------------

Description

Get Funtion Value Samples

Usage

```

get_FV_sample(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_FV_sample(ds, runtime, output = "wide", ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_FV_sample(ds, runtime, algorithm = "all", ...)

```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
runtime	A Numerical vector. Runtimes at which function values are reached
output	A String. The format of the output data: 'wide' or 'long'
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table containing the function value samples for each provided target runtime

Examples

```

get_FV_sample(dsl, 100)
get_FV_sample(dsl[[1]], 100)

```

get_FV_summary	<i>Get Function Value Summary</i>
----------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Get Function Value Summary

Usage

```

get_FV_summary(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_FV_summary(ds, runtime, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_FV_summary(ds, runtime, algorithm = "all", ...)

```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
runtime	A Numerical vector. Runtimes at which function values are reached
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table containing the function value statistics for each provided target runtime value

Examples

```
get_FV_summary(dsl, 100)
get_FV_summary(dsl[[1]], 100)
```

get_line_style	<i>Get line styles according to the current styleScheme of the IOHalyzer</i>
----------------	--

Description

Get line styles according to the current styleScheme of the IOHalyzer

Usage

```
get_line_style(algnames_in)
```

Arguments

algnames_in	List of algorithms for which to get linestyles
-------------	--

Examples

```
get_line_style(get_algId(dsl))
```

get_marg_contrib_ecdf *Get the marginal contribution of an algorithm to a portfolio*

Description

Based on the contribution to the ECDF-curve of the VBS of the portfolio

Usage

```
get_marg_contrib_ecdf(alg, perm, j, dt)
```

Arguments

alg	The result from a call to ‘get_dsc_omnibus‘
perm	The permutation of algorithms to which is being contributed
j	At which point in the permutation the contribution should be measured
dt	The datatable in which the raw ecdf-values are stored (see ‘generate_data.ECDF_raw‘)

Examples

```
dt <- generate_data.ECDF_raw(dsl, get_ECDF_targets(dsl))
get_marg_contrib_ecdf(get_algId(dsl)[[1]], get_algId(dsl), 1, dt)
```

get_maxRT *Get the maximal running time*

Description

Get the maximal running time

Usage

```
get_maxRT(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_maxRT(ds, output = "wide", ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_maxRT(ds, algorithm = "all", ...)
```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
output	The format of the outputted table: ‘wide’ or ‘long’
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table object containing the algorithm ID and the running time when the algorithm terminates in each run

Examples

```
get_maxRT(dsl)
get_maxRT(dsl[[1]])
```

get_overview

Get condensed overview of datasets

Description

Get condensed overview of datasets

Usage

```
get_overview(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_overview(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_overview(ds, ...)
```

Arguments

ds A DataSet or DataSetList object
... Arguments passed to other methods

Value

A data.table containing some basic information about the provided DataSet(List)

Examples

```
get_overview(dsl)
get_overview(dsl[[1]])
```

get_parId	<i>Get all parameter ids present in a DataSetList</i>
-----------	---

Description

Get all parameter ids present in a DataSetList

Usage

```
get_parId(dsList, which = "by_FV")
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList
which	A string takes values in 'c('by_FV', 'by_RT')'. To choose the parameters aligned by the running time (RT) or the function value (FV). Note that parameters in each case are not necessary the same.

Value

A sorted list of all unique parameter ids which occur in the DataSetList

Examples

```
get_parId(dsl)
```

get_PAR_name	<i>Get the parameter names of the algorithm</i>
--------------	---

Description

Get the parameter names of the algorithm

Usage

```
get_PAR_name(ds, which)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_PAR_name(ds, which = "by_FV")
```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet object
which	a string takes it value in 'c('by_FV', 'by_RT')', indicating the parameters aligned against the running time (RT) or function value (FV). 'by_FV' is the default value.

Value

a character list of parameter names, if recorded in the data set

Examples

```
get_PAR_name(ds1[[1]])
```

<code>get_PAR_sample</code>	<i>Get Parameter Value Samples</i>
-----------------------------	------------------------------------

Description

Get Parameter Value Samples

Usage

```
get_PAR_sample(ds, idxValue, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_PAR_sample(ds, idxValue, parId = "all",
  which = "by_FV", output = "wide", ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_PAR_sample(ds, idxValue, algorithm = "all",
  ...)
```

Arguments

<code>ds</code>	A <code>DataSet</code> or <code>DataSetList</code> object
<code>idxValue</code>	A Numerical vector. Index values at which parameter values are observed. The index value can either take its value in the range of running times, or function values. Such a value type is signified by ‘which’ parameter.
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>parId</code>	A character vector. Either ‘all’ or the name of parameters to be retrieved
<code>which</code>	A string takes values in ‘c(‘by_FV’, ‘by_RT’)’, indicating the parameters to be retrieved are aligned against the running time (RT) or function value (FV). ‘by_FV’ is the default value.
<code>output</code>	A character. The format of the output data: ‘wide’ or ‘long’
<code>algorithm</code>	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the <code>DataSetList</code> to consider.

Value

A `data.table` object containing parameter values aligned at each given target value

Examples

```
get_PAR_sample(dsl, 14)
get_PAR_sample(dsl[[1]], 14)
```

get_PAR_summary	<i>Get Parameter Value Summary</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

Description

Get Parameter Value Summary

Usage

```
get_PAR_summary(ds, idxValue, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_PAR_summary(ds, idxValue, parId = "all",
  which = "by_FV", ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_PAR_summary(ds, idxValue, algorithm = "all",
  ...)
```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object
idxValue	A Numerical vector. Index values at which parameter values are observed. The index value can either take its value in the range of running times, or function values. Such a value type is signified by ‘which’ parameter.
...	Arguments passed to other methods
parId	A character vector. Either ‘all’ or the name of parameters to be retrieved
which	A string takes values in ‘(‘by_FV’, ‘by_RT’)', indicating the parameters to be retrieved are aligned against the running time (RT) or function value (FV). ‘by_FV’ is the default value.
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table object containing basic statistics of parameter values aligned at each given target value

Examples

```
get_PAR_summary(dsl, 14)
get_PAR_summary(dsl[[1]], 14)
```

get_RT_overview	<i>Get Runtime Value condensed overview</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Get Runtime Value condensed overview

Usage

```
get_RT_overview(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_RT_overview(ds, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_RT_overview(ds, algorithm = "all", ...)
```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table containing the algorithm ID, minimum and maximum used evaluations, number of runs and available budget for the DataSet

Examples

```
get_RT_overview(dsl)
get_RT_overview(dsl[[1]])
```

get_RT_sample	<i>Get RunTime Sample</i>
---------------	---------------------------

Description

Get RunTime Sample

Usage

```
get_RT_sample(ds, ftarget, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_RT_sample(ds, ftarget, output = "wide", ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_RT_sample(ds, ftarget, algorithm = "all", ...)
```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object
ftarget	A Numerical vector. Function values at which runtime values are consumed
...	Arguments passed to other methods
output	A character determining the format of output data.table: 'wide' or 'long'
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table containing the runtime samples for each provided target function value

Examples

```
get_RT_sample(dsl, 14)
get_RT_sample(dsl[[1]], 14)
```

get_RT_summary	<i>Get RunTime Summary</i>
----------------	----------------------------

Description

Get RunTime Summary

Usage

```
get_RT_summary(ds, ftarget, budget, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
get_RT_summary(ds, ftarget, budget = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
get_RT_summary(ds, ftarget, budget = NULL,
  algorithm = "all", ...)
```

Arguments

ds	A DataSet or DataSetList object
ftarget	The function target(s) for which to get the runtime summary
budget	Optional; overwrites the budget found in ds for ERT-calculation
...	Arguments passed to other methods
algorithm	DEPRECATED, will be removed in next release. Which algorithms in the DataSetList to consider.

Value

A data.table containing the runtime statistics for each provided target function value

Examples

```
get_RT_summary(dsl, 14)
get_RT_summary(dsl[[1]], 14)
```

get_runtimes

Get all runtime values present in a DataSetList

Description

Get all runtime values present in a DataSetList

Usage

```
get_runtimes(dsList)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList
--------	-----------------

Value

A list matrices of all runtime values which occur in the DataSetList

Examples

```
get_runtimes(dsl)
```

get_shapley_values *Get the shapley-values of a portfolio of algorithms*

Description

Based on the contribution to the ECDF-curve of the VBS of the portfolio

Usage

```
get_shapley_values(dsList, targets, scale.log = T, group_size = 5,
  max_perm_size = 10, normalize = T)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList object
targets	A list or data.table containing the targets per function / dimension. If this is a data.table, it needs columns 'target', 'DIM' and 'funcId'
scale.log	Whether to use logarithmic scaling for the runtimes at which the ecdf will be sampled or not
group_size	How many permutation groups will be considered
max_perm_size	The maximum limit for permutations to be considered
normalize	Whether or not to ensure the resulting values will be in [0,1]

Examples

```
get_shapley_values(dsl, get_ECDF_targets(dsl))
```

get_target_dt *Generate datatables of runtime or function value targets for a DataSetList*

Description

Only one target is generated per (function, dimension)-pair, as opposed to the function 'get_default_ECDF_targets', which generates multiple targets.

Usage

```
get_target_dt(dsList, which = "by_RT")
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList
which	Whether to generate fixed-target ('by_FV') or fixed-budget ('by_RT') targets

Value

a data.table of targets

Examples

```
get_target_dt(dsl)
```

glicko2_ranking	<i>Glicko2 ranking of algorithms</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Description

This procedure ranks algorithms based on a glicko2-procedure. Every round (total nr_rounds), for every function and dimension of the datasetlist, each pair of algorithms competes. This competition samples a random runtime for the provided target (defaults to best achieved target). Whichever algorithm has the lower runtime wins the game. Then, from these games, the glicko2-rating is determined.

Usage

```
glicko2_ranking(dsl, nr_rounds = 100, which = "by_FV",
  target_dt = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsl	The DataSetList, can contain multiple functions and dimensions, but should have the same algorithms for all of them
nr_rounds	The number of rounds to run. More rounds leads to a more accurate ranking.
which	Whether to use fixed-target ('by_FV') or fixed-budget ('by_RT') perspective
target_dt	Custom data.table target value to use. When NULL, this is selected automatically.

Value

A dataframe containing the glicko2-ratings and some additional info

Examples

```
glicko2_ranking(dsl, nr_round = 25)
glicko2_ranking(dsl, nr_round = 25, which = 'by_RT')
```

Description

The data analysis module for the Iterative Optimization Heuristics Profiler (IOHprofiler). This module provides statistical analysis methods for the benchmark data generated by optimization heuristics, which can be visualized through a web-based interface. The benchmark data is usually generated by the experimentation module, called IOHexperimenter. IOHanalyzer also supports the widely used COCO (Comparing Continuous Optimisers) data format for benchmarking.

Functions

The IOHanalyzer consists of 3 main functionalities:

- Reading and aligning data from different heuristics, such as IOHExperimenter. This is done using the `DataSet` and `DataSetList` functions
- Processing and summarizing this data
- Creating various plots

Examples

```
path <- system.file("extdata", "ONE_PLUS_LAMDA_EA", package="IOHanalyzer")
dsList <- DataSetList(path)
summary(dsList)
Plot.RT.Single_Func(dsList[1])

## Not run:
runServer()

## End(Not run)
```

`IOH_plot_ly_default` *Template for creating plots in the IOHanalyzer-style*

Description

Template for creating plots in the IOHanalyzer-style

Usage

```
IOH_plot_ly_default(title = NULL, x.title = NULL, y.title = NULL)
```

Arguments

title	Title for the plot
x.title	X-axis label
y.title	Y-axis label

Examples

```
IOH_plot_ly_default("Example plot", "x-axis", "y-axis")
```

limit.data	<i>Reduce the size of the data set by evenly subsampling the records</i>
------------	--

Description

Reduce the size of the data set by evenly subsampling the records

Usage

```
limit.data(df, n)
```

Arguments

df	The data to subsample
n	The amount of samples

Value

A smaller data.frame

max_ERTs	<i>Get the ERT-values for all DataSets in a DataSetList at certain targets</i>
----------	--

Description

Get the ERT-values for all DataSets in a DataSetList at certain targets

Usage

```
max_ERTs(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId", targets = NULL, maximize = T)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
max_ERTs(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId",
  targets = NULL, maximize = T)
```


Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList
aggr_on	Whether to aggregate on 'funcId' or 'DIM'.
targets	Predifined target function-values. Should be one for each function/dimension
maximize	Whether the DataSetList is from a maximization or minimization problem

Value

A data.table containing ERT-values

Examples

```
max_ERTs(dsl)
```

mean_FVs	<i>Get the expected function-values for all DataSets in a DataSetList at certain runtimes</i>
----------	---

Description

Get the expected function-values for all DataSets in a DataSetList at certain runtimes

Usage

```
mean_FVs(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId", runtimes = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
mean_FVs(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId",
  runtimes = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsList	The DataSetList
aggr_on	Whether to aggregate on 'funcId' or 'DIM'.
runtimes	Predifined target runtimes-values. Should be one for each function/dimension

Value

A data.table containing expected function-values

Examples

```
mean_FVs(dsl)
```

pairwise.test	<i>Performs a pairwise Kolmogorov-Smirnov test on the bootstrapped running times among a data set</i>
---------------	---

Description

This function performs a Kolmogorov-Smirnov test on each pair of algorithms in the input `x` to determine which algorithm gives a significantly smaller running time. The resulting p-values are arranged in a matrix, where each cell (i, j) contains a p-value from the test with alternative hypothesis: the running time of algorithm i is smaller (thus better) than that of j.

Usage

```
pairwise.test(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'list'
pairwise.test(x, max_eval, bootstrap.size = 30, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
pairwise.test(x, ftarget, bootstrap.size = 0,
  which = "by_FV", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	either a list that contains running time sample for each algorithm as sub-lists, or a <code>DataSetList</code> object
<code>...</code>	all other options
<code>max_eval</code>	list that contains the maximal running time for each algorithm as sub-lists
<code>bootstrap.size</code>	integer, the size of the bootstrapped sample. Set to 0 to disable bootstrapping
<code>ftarget</code>	float, the target value used to determine the running / hitting
<code>which</code>	whether to do fixed-target ('by_FV') or fixed-budget ('by_RT') comparison time

Value

A matrix containing p-values of the test

Examples

```
pairwise.test(subset(dsl, funcId == 1), 16)
```

Plot.FV.Agregated	<i>Plot expected function value-based comparison over multiple functions or dimensions</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Plot expected function value-based comparison over multiple functions or dimensions

Usage

```
Plot.FV.Agregated(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId", runtimes = NULL,
  plot_mode = "radar", use_rank = F, scale.ylog = T, fvs = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.FV.Agregated(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId",
  runtimes = NULL, plot_mode = "radar", use_rank = F,
  scale.ylog = T, fvs = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function OR dimension).
aggr_on	Whether to compare on functions ('funcId') or dimensions ('DIM')
runtimes	Custom list of function-value targets, one for each function or dimension.
plot_mode	How the plots should be created. Can be 'line' or 'radar'
use_rank	Wheter to use a ranking system. If False, the actual expected function- values will be used.
scale.ylog	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically
fvs	Pre-calculated expected function-values for the provided runtimes Created by the max_ERTs function of DataSetList. Can be provided to prevent needless computation in recalculating ERTs when recreating this plot.

Value

A plot of expected function value-based comparison on the provided functions or dimensions of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.FV.Agregated(ds1)
```

Plot.FV.ECDF_AUC	<i>Radarplot of the area under the aggregated ECDF-curve of a DataSetList.</i>
------------------	--

Description

Radarplot of the area under the aggregated ECDF-curve of a DataSetList.

Usage

```
Plot.FV.ECDF_AUC(dsList, rt_min = NULL, rt_max = NULL,
  rt_step = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.FV.ECDF_AUC(dsList, rt_min = NULL,
  rt_max = NULL, rt_step = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
rt_min	The starting runtime
rt_max	The final runtime
rt_step	The spacing between starting and final runtimes

Value

A radarplot of the area under the aggregated ECDF-curve of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.FV.ECDF_AUC(subset(ds1, funcId == 1))
```

Plot.FV.ECDF_Per_Target	<i>Plot the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the target values of a DataSetList at certain target runtimes</i>
-------------------------	--

Description

Plot the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the target values of a DataSetList at certain target runtimes

Usage

```
Plot.FV.ECDF_Per_Target(dsList, runtimes, scale.xlog = F,
  scale.reverse = F)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.FV.ECDF_Per_Target(dsList, runtimes,
  scale.xlog = F, scale.reverse = F)
```

Arguments

<code>dsList</code>	A <code>DataSetList</code> (should consist of only one function and dimension).
<code>runtimes</code>	The target runtimes
<code>scale.xlog</code>	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically
<code>scale.reverse</code>	Whether or not to reverse the x-axis (when using minimization)

Value

A plot of the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the function values of the `DataSetList` at the target runtimes

Examples

```
Plot.FV.ECDF_Per_Target(subset(ds1, funcId == 1), 10)
```

```
Plot.FV.ECDF_Single_Func
```

Plot the aggregated empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the function values of a `DataSetList`.

Description

Plot the aggregated empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the function values of a `DataSetList`.

Usage

```
Plot.FV.ECDF_Single_Func(dsList, rt_min = NULL, rt_max = NULL,
  rt_step = NULL, scale.xlog = F, show.per_target = F,
  scale.reverse = F)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.FV.ECDF_Single_Func(dsList, rt_min = NULL,
  rt_max = NULL, rt_step = NULL, scale.xlog = F,
  show.per_target = F, scale.reverse = F)
```

Arguments

<code>dsList</code>	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
<code>rt_min</code>	The starting runtime
<code>rt_max</code>	The final runtime
<code>rt_step</code>	The spacing between starting and final runtimes
<code>scale.xlog</code>	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically
<code>show.per_target</code>	Whether or not to show the individual ECDF-curves for each runtime
<code>scale.reverse</code>	Whether or not to reverse the x-axis (when using minimization)

Value

A plot of the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the function values of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.FV.ECDF_Single_Func(subset(ds1, funcId == 1))
```

<code>Plot.FV.Histogram</code>	<i>Plot histograms of the function values of a DataSetList at a certain target runtime</i>
--------------------------------	--

Description

Plot histograms of the function values of a DataSetList at a certain target runtime

Usage

```
Plot.FV.Histogram(dsList, runtime, plot_mode = "overlay",
  use.equal.bins = F)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.FV.Histogram(dsList, runtime,
  plot_mode = "overlay", use.equal.bins = F)
```

Arguments

<code>dsList</code>	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
<code>runtime</code>	The target runtime
<code>plot_mode</code>	How to plot the different histograms for each algorithm. Can be either 'overlay' to show all algorithms on one plot, or 'subplot' to have one plot per algorithm.
<code>use.equal.bins</code>	Whether to determine one bin size for all plots or have individual bin sizes for each algorithm

Value

A plot of the histograms of the function values at a the target runtime of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.FV.Histogram(subset(dsl, funcId == 1), 100)
```

Plot.FV.Multi_Func *Plot FV-plots for multiple functions or dimensions*

Description

Plot FV-plots for multiple functions or dimensions

Usage

```
Plot.FV.Multi_Func(dsList, scale.xlog = F, scale.ylog = F,  
  backend = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'  
Plot.FV.Multi_Func(dsList, scale.xlog = F,  
  scale.ylog = F, backend = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function OR dimension).
scale.xlog	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically
scale.ylog	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically
backend	Which plotting library to use. Either 'plotly' or 'ggplot2'.

Value

A plot of Function-values of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.FV.Multi_Func(dsl)
```

Plot.FV.Parameters	<i>Plot the parameter values recorded in a DataSetList (aligned by budget)</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Plot the parameter values recorded in a DataSetList (aligned by budget)

Usage

```
Plot.FV.Parameters(dsList, rt_min = NULL, rt_max = NULL,
  algids = "all", par_name = NULL, scale.xlog = F, scale.ylog = F,
  show.mean = T, show.median = F, show.CI = F)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.FV.Parameters(dsList, rt_min = NULL,
  rt_max = NULL, algids = "all", par_name = NULL, scale.xlog = F,
  scale.ylog = F, show.mean = T, show.median = F, show.CI = F)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
rt_min	The starting budget value.
rt_max	The final budget value.
algids	Which algorithms from dsList to use
par_name	Which parameters to create plots for; set to NULL to use all parameters found in dsList.
scale.xlog	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically
scale.ylog	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically
show.mean	Whether or not to show the mean parameter values
show.median	Whether or not to show the median parameter values
show.CI	Whether or not to show the standard deviation

Value

A plot of for every recorded parameter in the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.FV.Parameters(subset(ds1, funcId == 1))
```

Plot.FV.PDF	<i>Plot probability density function of the function values of a DataSetList at a certain target runtime</i>
-------------	--

Description

Plot probability density function of the function values of a DataSetList at a certain target runtime

Usage

```
Plot.FV.PDF(dsList, runtime, show.sample = F, scale.ylog = F)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.FV.PDF(dsList, runtime, show.sample = F,
            scale.ylog = F)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
runtime	The target runtime
show.sample	Whether or not to show the individual function value samples
scale.ylog	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically

Value

A plot of the probability density function of the runtimes at a the target function value of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.FV.PDF(subset(ds1, funcId == 1), 100)
```

Plot.FV.Single_Func	<i>Plot lineplot of the expected function values of a DataSetList</i>
---------------------	---

Description

Plot lineplot of the expected function values of a DataSetList

Usage

```
Plot.FV.Single_Func(dsList, RTstart = NULL, RTstop = NULL,
  show.CI = F, show.mean = T, show.median = F, backend = NULL,
  scale.xlog = F, scale.ylog = F, scale.reverse = F)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.FV.Single_Func(dsList, RTstart = NULL,
  RTstop = NULL, show.CI = F, show.mean = T, show.median = F,
  backend = NULL, scale.xlog = F, scale.ylog = F,
  scale.reverse = F)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
RTstart	The starting runtime value.
RTstop	The final runtime value.
show.CI	Whether or not to show the standard deviations
show.mean	Whether or not to show the mean runtimes
show.median	Whether or not to show the median runtimes
backend	Which plotting library to use. Can be 'plotly' or 'ggplot2'
scale.xlog	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically
scale.ylog	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically
scale.reverse	Whether or not to reverse the x-axis (when using minimization)

Value

A plot of ERT-values of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.FV.Single_Func(subset(dsl, funcId == 1))
```

 Plot.Performviz

Create the PerformViz plot

Description

From the paper:

Usage

```
Plot.Performviz(DSC_rank_result)
```

Arguments

DSC_rank_result
The result from a call to DSCtool rank service ('get_dsc_rank')

Value

A performviz plot

Examples

```
## Not run:
Plot.Performviz(get_dsc_rank(ds1))

## End(Not run)
```

Plot.RT.Agregated *Plot ERT-based comparison over multiple functions or dimensions*

Description

Plot ERT-based comparison over multiple functions or dimensions

Usage

```
Plot.RT.Agregated(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId", targets = NULL,
  plot_mode = "radar", use_rank = F, scale.ylog = T, maximize = T,
  erts = NULL, inf.action = "overlap")
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.Agregated(dsList, aggr_on = "funcId",
  targets = NULL, plot_mode = "radar", use_rank = F,
  scale.ylog = T, maximize = T, erts = NULL,
  inf.action = "overlap")
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function OR dimension).
aggr_on	Whether to compare on functions ('funcId') or dimensions ('DIM')
targets	Custom list of function-value targets, one for each function or dimension.
plot_mode	How the plots should be created. Can be 'line' or 'radar'
use_rank	Wheter to use a ranking system. If False, the actual ERT-values will be used.
scale.ylog	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically
maximize	Wheter or not to the data is of a maximization problem
erts	Pre-calculated ERT-values for the provided targets. Created by the max_ERTs function of DataSetList. Can be provided to prevent needless computation in recalculating ERTs when recreating this plot.
inf.action	How to handle infinite ERTs ('overlap' or 'jitter')

Value

A plot of ERT-based comparison on the provided functions or dimensions of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.RT.Agregated(ds1)
```

Plot.RT.ECDF_AUC	<i>Radarplot of the area under the aggregated ECDF-curve of a DataSetList.</i>
------------------	--

Description

Radarplot of the area under the aggregated ECDF-curve of a DataSetList.

Usage

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_AUC(dsList, fstart = NULL, fstop = NULL, fstep = NULL,
  fval_formatter = as.integer)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.ECDF_AUC(dsList, fstart = NULL,
  fstop = NULL, fstep = NULL, fval_formatter = as.integer)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
fstart	The starting function value
fstop	The final function value
fstep	The spacing between starting and final function values
fval_formatter	Function to format the function-value labels

Value

A radarplot of the area under the aggregated ECDF-curve of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_AUC(subset(ds1, funcId == 1))
```

 Plot.RT.ECDF_Multi_Func

Plot the aggregated empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of a DataSetList. Aggregated over multiple functions or dimensions.

Description

Plot the aggregated empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of a DataSetList. Aggregated over multiple functions or dimensions.

Usage

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_Multi_Func(dsList, targets = NULL, scale.xlog = F)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.ECDF_Multi_Func(dsList, targets = NULL,
  scale.xlog = F)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList.
targets	The target function values. Specified in a data.frame, as can be generated
scale.xlog	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically by the function 'get_ECDF_targets'

Value

A plot of the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_Multi_Func(ds1)
```

 Plot.RT.ECDF_Per_Target

Plot the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of a DataSetList at certain target function values

Description

Plot the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of a DataSetList at certain target function values

Usage

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_Per_Target(dsList, ftargets, scale.xlog = F)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.ECDF_Per_Target(dsList, ftargets,
  scale.xlog = F)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
ftargets	The target function values
scale.xlog	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically

Value

A plot of the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of the DataSetList at the target function values

Examples

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_Per_Target(subset(ds1, funcId == 1), 14)
```

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_Single_Func
```

Plot the aggregated empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of a DataSetList.

Description

Plot the aggregated empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of a DataSetList.

Usage

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_Single_Func(dsList, fstart = NULL, fstop = NULL,
  fstep = NULL, show.per_target = F, scale.xlog = F)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.ECDF_Single_Func(dsList, fstart = NULL,
  fstop = NULL, fstep = NULL, show.per_target = F, scale.xlog = F)
```

Arguments

<code>dsList</code>	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
<code>fstart</code>	The starting function value
<code>fstop</code>	The final function value
<code>fstep</code>	The spacing between starting and final function values
<code>show.per_target</code>	Whether or not to show the individual ECDF-curves for each target
<code>scale.xlog</code>	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically

Value

A plot of the empirical cumulative distribution as a function of the running times of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.RT.ECDF_Single_Func(subset(dsl, funcId == 1))
```

<code>Plot.RT.Histogram</code>	<i>Plot histograms of the runtimes of a DataSetList at a certain target function value</i>
--------------------------------	--

Description

Plot histograms of the runtimes of a DataSetList at a certain target function value

Usage

```
Plot.RT.Histogram(dsList, ftarget, plot_mode = "overlay",
  use.equal.bins = F)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.Histogram(dsList, ftarget,
  plot_mode = "overlay", use.equal.bins = F)
```

Arguments

<code>dsList</code>	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
<code>ftarget</code>	The target function value.
<code>plot_mode</code>	How to plot the different histograms for each algorithm. Can be either 'overlay' to show all algorithms on one plot, or 'subplot' to have one plot per algorithm.
<code>use.equal.bins</code>	Whether to determine one bin size for all plots or have individual bin sizes for each algorithm

Value

A plot of the histograms of the runtimes at a the target function value of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.RT.Histogram(subset(dsl, funcId == 1), 14)
```

Plot.RT.Multi_Func *Plot ERT-plots for multiple functions or dimensions*

Description

Plot ERT-plots for multiple functions or dimensions

Usage

```
Plot.RT.Multi_Func(dsList, scale.xlog = F, scale.ylog = F,  
  scale.reverse = F, backend = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
```

```
Plot.RT.Multi_Func(dsList, scale.xlog = F,  
  scale.ylog = F, scale.reverse = F, backend = NULL)
```

Arguments

`dsList` A DataSetList (should consist of only one function OR dimension).

`scale.xlog` Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically

`scale.ylog` Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically

`scale.reverse` Whether or not to reverse the x-axis (when using minimization)

`backend` Which plotting library to use. Either 'plotly' or 'ggplot2'.

Value

A plot of ERT-values of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.RT.Multi_Func(dsl)
```

Plot.RT.Parameters	<i>Plot the parameter values recorded in a DataSetList (aligned by function value)</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Plot the parameter values recorded in a DataSetList (aligned by function value)

Usage

```
Plot.RT.Parameters(dsList, f_min = NULL, f_max = NULL,
  algids = "all", par_name = NULL, scale.xlog = F, scale.ylog = F,
  show.mean = T, show.median = F, show.CI = F)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.Parameters(dsList, f_min = NULL,
  f_max = NULL, algids = "all", par_name = NULL, scale.xlog = F,
  scale.ylog = F, show.mean = T, show.median = F, show.CI = F)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
f_min	The starting function value.
f_max	The final function value.
algids	Which algorithms from dsList to use
par_name	Which parameters to create plots for; set to NULL to use all parameters found in dsList.
scale.xlog	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically
scale.ylog	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically
show.mean	Whether or not to show the mean parameter values
show.median	Whether or not to show the median parameter values
show.CI	Whether or not to show the standard deviation

Value

A plot of for every recorded parameter in the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.RT.Parameters(subset(ds1, funcId == 1))
```

Plot.RT.PMF	<i>Plot probability mass function of the runtimes of a DataSetList at a certain target function value</i>
-------------	---

Description

Plot probability mass function of the runtimes of a DataSetList at a certain target function value

Usage

```
Plot.RT.PMF(dsList, ftarget, show.sample = F, scale.ylog = F,
            backend = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.PMF(dsList, ftarget, show.sample = F,
            scale.ylog = F, backend = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
ftarget	The target function value.
show.sample	Whether or not to show the individual runtime samples
scale.ylog	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically
backend	Which plotting library to use. Can be 'plotly' or 'ggplot2'

Value

A plot of the probability mass function of the runtimes at a the target function value of the DataSetList

Examples

```
Plot.RT.PMF(subset(ds1, funcId == 1), 14)
```

Plot.RT.Single_Func	<i>Plot lineplot of the ERTs of a DataSetList</i>
---------------------	---

Description

Plot lineplot of the ERTs of a DataSetList

Usage

```
Plot.RT.Single_Func(dsList, Fstart = NULL, Fstop = NULL,
  show.ERT = T, show.CI = F, show.mean = F, show.median = F,
  backend = NULL, scale.xlog = F, scale.ylog = F,
  scale.reverse = F, includeOpts = F, p = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.RT.Single_Func(dsList, Fstart = NULL,
  Fstop = NULL, show.ERT = T, show.CI = T, show.mean = F,
  show.median = F, backend = NULL, scale.xlog = F, scale.ylog = F,
  scale.reverse = F, includeOpts = F, p = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>dsList</code>	A <code>DataSetList</code> (should consist of only one function and dimension).
<code>Fstart</code>	The starting function value.
<code>Fstop</code>	The final function value.
<code>show.ERT</code>	Whether or not to show the ERT-values
<code>show.CI</code>	Whether or not to show the standard deviations
<code>show.mean</code>	Whether or not to show the mean hitting times
<code>show.median</code>	Whether or not to show the median hitting times
<code>backend</code>	Which plotting library to use. Can be 'plotly' or 'ggplot2'
<code>scale.xlog</code>	Whether or not to scale the x-axis logarithmically
<code>scale.ylog</code>	Whether or not to scale the y-axis logarithmically
<code>scale.reverse</code>	Whether or not to reverse the x-axis (when using minimization)
<code>includeOpts</code>	Whether or not to include all best points reached by each algorithm
<code>p</code>	Existing plot to which to add the current data

Value

A plot of ERT-values of the `DataSetList`

Examples

```
Plot.RT.Single_Func(subset(ds1, funcId == 1))
```

 Plot.Stats.Glicko2_Candlestick

Create a candlestick plot of Glicko2-rankings

Description

Create a candlestick plot of Glicko2-rankings

Usage

```
Plot.Stats.Glicko2_Candlestick(dsList, nr_rounds = 100,
  glicko2_rank_df = NULL, which = "by_FV", target_dt = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.Stats.Glicko2_Candlestick(dsList,
  nr_rounds = 100, glicko2_rank_df = NULL, which = "by_FV",
  target_dt = NULL)
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList
nr_rounds	The number of rounds in the tournament
glicko2_rank_df	Optional. Dataframe containing the glicko2 rating to avoid needless recalculation.
which	Whether to use fixed-target ('by_FV') or fixed-budget ('by_RT') perspective
target_dt	Optional: data table containing the targets for each function and dimension

Examples

```
Plot.Stats.Glicko2_Candlestick(ds1, nr_rounds=2)
```

 Plot.Stats.Significance_Graph

Plot a network graph showing the statistically different algorithms

Description

Plot a network graph showing the statistically different algorithms

Usage

```
Plot.Stats.Significance_Graph(dsList, ftarget, alpha = 0.01,
  bootstrap.size = 30, which = "by_FV")

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.Stats.Significance_Graph(dsList, ftarget,
  alpha = 0.01, bootstrap.size = 30, which = "by_FV")
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
ftarget	The target function value to use
alpha	The cutoff for statistical significance
bootstrap.size	The amount of bootstrapped samples used
which	Whether to use fixed-target ('by_FV') or fixed-budget ('by_RT') perspective

Value

A graph showing the statistical significance between algorithms

Examples

```
Plot.Stats.Significance_Graph(subset(dsl, funcId == 2), 16)
```

```
Plot.Stats.Significance_Heatmap
```

Plot a heatmap showing the statistically different algorithms

Description

Plot a heatmap showing the statistically different algorithms

Usage

```
Plot.Stats.Significance_Heatmap(dsList, ftarget, alpha = 0.01,
  bootstrap.size = 30, which = "by_FV")

## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
Plot.Stats.Significance_Heatmap(dsList, ftarget,
  alpha = 0.01, bootstrap.size = 30, which = "by_FV")
```

Arguments

dsList	A DataSetList (should consist of only one function and dimension).
ftarget	The target function value to use
alpha	The cutoff for statistical significance
bootstrap.size	The amount of bootstrapped samples used
which	Whether to use fixed-target ('by_FV') or fixed-budget ('by_RT') perspective

Value

A heatmap showing the statistical significance between algorithms

Examples

```
Plot.Stats.Significance_Heatmap(subset(ds1, funcId == 2), 16)
```

plot_general_data	<i>General function for plotting within IOHanalyzer</i>
-------------------	---

Description

General function for plotting within IOHanalyzer

Usage

```
plot_general_data(df, x_attr = "algId", y_attr = "vals",
  type = "violin", legend_attr = "algId", scale.xlog = F,
  scale.ylog = F, scale.reverse = F, p = NULL, x_title = NULL,
  y_title = NULL, plot_title = NULL, upper_attr = NULL,
  lower_attr = NULL, subplot_attr = NULL, show.legend = F,
  inf.action = "none", ...)
```

Arguments

df	The dataframe containing the data to plot. It should contain at least two columns: 'x_attr' and 'y_attr'
x_attr	The column to specify the x_axis. Default is 'algId'
y_attr	The column to specify the y_axis
type	The type of plot to use. Currently available: 'violin', 'line', 'radar', 'bar', 'hist' and 'ribbon'
legend_attr	Default is 'algId' This is also used for the selection of colorschemes
scale.xlog	Logarithmic scaling of x-axis
scale.ylog	Logarithmic scaling of y-axis
scale.reverse	Decreasing or increasing x-axis

p	A previously existing plot on which to add traces. If NULL, a new canvas is created
x_title	Title of x-axis. Defaults to x_attr
y_title	Title of x-axis. Defaults to x_attr
plot_title	Title of x-axis. Defaults to no title
upper_attr	When using ribbon-plot, this can be used to create a shaded area. Only works in combination with 'lower_attr' and 'type' == 'ribbon'
lower_attr	When using ribbon-plot, this can be used to create a shaded area. Only works in combination with 'upper_attr' and 'type' == 'ribbon'
subplot_attr	Which attribute of the dataframe to use for creating subplots
show.legend	Whether or not to include a legend
inf.action	How to deal with infinite values. Can be 'none', 'overlap' or 'jitter'
...	Additional parameters for the add_trace function

print.DataSet	<i>S3 generic print operator for DataSet</i>
---------------	--

Description

S3 generic print operator for DataSet

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A DataSet object
...	Arguments passed to other methods

Value

A short description of the DataSet

Examples

```
print(dsl[[1]])
```

`print.DataSetList` *S3 print function for DataSetList*

Description

S3 print function for DataSetList

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	The DataSetList to print
<code>...</code>	Arguments for underlying print function?

Examples

```
print(dsl)
```

`read_index_file` *Read .info files and extract information*

Description

Read .info files and extract information

Usage

```
read_index_file(fname)
```

Arguments

<code>fname</code>	The path to the .info file
--------------------	----------------------------

Value

The data contained in the .info file

Examples

```
path <- system.file("extdata", "ONE_PLUS_LAMDA_EA", package="IOHanalyzer")  
info <- read_index_file(file.path(path, "IOHprofiler_f1_i1.info"))
```

register_DSC	<i>Register an account to the DSCtool API</i>
--------------	---

Description

This uses the keyring package to store and load credentials. If you already have an account, please call 'set_DSC_credentials' instead

Usage

```
register_DSC(name, username, affiliation, email, password = NULL)
```

Arguments

name	Your name
username	A username to be identified with. Will be stored on keyring under 'DSCtool_name'
affiliation	Your affiliation (university / company)
email	Your email adress
password	The password to use. If NULL, this will be generated at random. Will be stored on keyring under 'DSCtool'

Examples

```
## Not run:
register_DSC('John Doe', 'jdoe', 'Sample University', "j.doe.sample.com")

## End(Not run)
```

runServer	<i>Create a shiny-server GUI to interactively use the IOHanalyzer</i>
-----------	---

Description

Create a shiny-server GUI to interactively use the IOHanalyzer

Usage

```
runServer(port = getOption("shiny.port"), open_browser = TRUE)
```

Arguments

port	Optional; which port the server should be opened at. Defaults to the option set for 'shiny.port'
open_browser	Whether or not to open a browser tab with the IOHanalyzer GUI. Defaults to TRUE.

Examples

```
## Not run:
runServer(6563, TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

save_plotly *Save plotly figure in multiple format*

Description

NOTE: This function requires orca to be installed

Usage

```
save_plotly(p, file, width = NULL, height = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

p	plotly object. The plot to be saved
file	String. The name of the figure file, with the extension of the required file-format
width	Optional. Width of the figure
height	Optional. Height of the figure
...	Additional arguments for orca

Examples

```
## Not run:
p <- Plot.RT.Single_Func(dsl[1])
save_plotly(p, 'example_file.png')

## End(Not run)
```

save_table *Save DataTable in multiple formats*

Description

Save DataTable in multiple formats

Usage

```
save_table(df, file, format = NULL)
```

Arguments

df	The DataTable to store
file	String. The name of the figure file, with the extension of the required file-format
format	Optional, string. Overwrites the extension of the 'file' parameter. If not specified while file does not have an extension, it defaults to csv

Examples

```
df <- generate_data.Single_Function(subset(dsl, funcId == 1), which = 'by_RT')
save_table(df, tempfile(fileext = ".md"))
```

scan_index_file *Scan *.info files for IOHProfiler or COCO*

Description

Scan *.info files for IOHProfiler or COCO

Usage

```
scan_index_file(folder)
```

Arguments

folder	The folder containing the .info files
--------	---------------------------------------

Value

The paths to all found .info-files

Note

This automatically filters out files of size 0

Examples

```
path <- system.file("extdata", "ONE_PLUS_LAMDA_EA", package="IOHanalyzer")
scan_index_file(path)
```

seq_FV *Function for generating sequences of function values*

Description

Function for generating sequences of function values

Usage

```
seq_FV(FV, from = NULL, to = NULL, by = NULL, length.out = NULL,
       scale = NULL)
```

Arguments

FV	A list of function values
from	Starting function value. Will be replaced by min(FV) if it is NULL or too small
to	Stopping function value. Will be replaced by max(FV) if it is NULL or too large
by	Stepsize of the sequence. Will be replaced if it is too small
length.out	Number of values in the sequence. 'by' takes preference if both it and length.out are provided.
scale	Scaling of the sequence. Can be either 'linear' or 'log', indicating a linear or log-linear spacing respectively. If NULL, the scale will be predicted based on FV

Value

A sequence of function values

Examples

```
FVall <- get_runtimes(dsl)
seq_FV(FVall, 10, 16, 1, scale='linear')
```

seq_RT *Function for generating sequences of runtime values*

Description

Function for generating sequences of runtime values

Usage

```
seq_RT(RT, from = NULL, to = NULL, by = NULL, length.out = NULL,
       scale = "linear")
```

Arguments

RT	A list of runtime values
from	Starting runtime value. Will be replaced by min(RT) if it is NULL or too small
to	Stopping runtime value. Will be replaced by max(RT) if it is NULL or too large
by	Stepsize of the sequence. Will be replaced if it is too small
length.out	Number of values in the sequence. 'by' takes preference if both it and length.out are provided.
scale	Scaling of the sequence. Can be either 'linear' or 'log', indicating a linear or log-linear spacing respectively.

Value

A sequence of runtime values

Examples

```
RTall <- get_runtimes(dsl)
seq_RT(RTall, 0, 500, length.out=10, scale='log')
```

set_color_scheme *Set the colorScheme of the IOHanalyzer plots*

Description

Set the colorScheme of the IOHanalyzer plots

Usage

```
set_color_scheme(schemename, alnames, path = NULL)
```

Arguments

schemename	Three default colorschemes are implemented: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Default • Variant 1 • Variant 2 • Variant 3 <p>And it is also possible to select "Custom", which allows uploading of a custom set of colors</p>
alnames	The names of the algorithms for which to set the colors
path	The path to the file containing the colors to use. Only used if schemename is "Custom"

Examples

```
set_color_scheme("Default", get_algId(dsl))
```

`set_DSC_credentials` *Register an account to the DSCtool API*

Description

This uses the keyring package to store and load credentials. If you already have an account, please call `'add_DSC_credentials'` instead

Usage

```
set_DSC_credentials(username, password)
```

Arguments

<code>username</code>	The username you use on DSCtool. Will be stored on keyring under <code>'DSC-tool_name'</code>
<code>password</code>	The password you use on DSCtool. Will be stored on keyring under <code>'DSCtool'</code>

Examples

```
## Not run: set_DSC_credentials('jdoe', 'monkey123')
```

`SP` *Estimator 'SP' for the Expected Running Time (ERT)*

Description

Estimator 'SP' for the Expected Running Time (ERT)

Usage

```
SP(data, max_runtime)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A dataframe or matrix. Each row stores the runtime sample points from several runs
<code>max_runtime</code>	The budget to use for calculating ERT. If this is a vector, the largest value is taken. Using this as a vector is being deprecated, and will be removed in a future update

Value

A list containing ERTs, number of successful runs and the success rate

Examples

```
SP(ds1[[1]]$RT, max(ds1[[1]]$RT))
```

subset.DataSetList *Filter a DataSetList by some criteria*

Description

Filter a DataSetList by some criteria

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
subset(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	The DataSetList
...	The condition to filter on. Can be any expression which assigns True or False to a DataSet object, such as DIM == 625 or funcId == 2

Value

The filtered DataSetList

Examples

```
subset(dsl, funcId == 1)
```

summary.DataSet *S3 generic summary operator for DataSet*

Description

S3 generic summary operator for DataSet

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSet'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A DataSet object
...	Arguments passed to other methods

Value

A summary of the DataSet containing both function-value and runtime based statistics.

Examples

```
summary(ds1[[1]])
```

```
summary.DataSetList    S3 summary function for DataSetList
```

Description

Prints the Function ID, Dimension, Algorithm Id, datafile location and comment for every DataSet in the DataSetList

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	The DataSetList to print
...	Arguments for underlying summary function?

Examples

```
summary(ds1)
```

```
[.DataSetList        S3 extraction function for DataSetList
```

Description

S3 extraction function for DataSetList

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DataSetList'
x[i, drop = FALSE]
```

Arguments

x	The DataSetList to use
i	The indices to extract
drop	Currently unused parameter

Value

The DataSetList of the DataSets at indices i of DataSetList x

Examples

```
ds1[c(1, 3)]
```

Index

- * **datasets**
 - dsl, 12
 - dsl_large, 12
- ==.DataSet, 4
- [.DataSetList, 72

- arrange, 5
- as.character.DataSet, 5
- AUC, 6

- bootstrap_RT, 6

- c.DataSet, 7
- c.DataSetList, 8
- cat.DataSet, 8
- check_dsc_configured, 9
- check_format, 9
- clean_DataSetList, 10

- DataSet, 10, 39
- DataSetList, 11, 39
- dsl, 12
- dsl_large, 12

- ECDF, 13

- fast_RT_samples, 13

- generate_data.Aggr, 14
- generate_data.AUC, 14
- generate_data.ECDF, 15
- generate_data.ECDF_raw, 16
- generate_data.hist, 16
- generate_data.Parameters, 17
- generate_data.PMF, 17
- generate_data.Single_Function, 18
- get_algId, 18
- get_color_scheme, 19
- get_color_scheme_dt, 19
- get_default_ECDF_targets, 20
- get_dim, 20
- get_dsc_omnibus, 21
- get_dsc_posthoc, 21
- get_dsc_rank, 22
- get_ECDF_targets, 23
- get_ERT, 24
- get_funcId, 25
- get_funvals, 25
- get_FV_overview, 26
- get_FV_sample, 26
- get_FV_summary, 27
- get_line_style, 28
- get_marg_contrib_ecdf, 29
- get_maxRT, 29
- get_overview, 30
- get_PAR_name, 31
- get_PAR_sample, 32
- get_PAR_summary, 33
- get_parId, 31
- get_RT_overview, 34
- get_RT_sample, 34
- get_RT_summary, 35
- get_runtimes, 36
- get_shapley_values, 37
- get_target_dt, 37
- glicko2_ranking, 38

- IOH_plot_ly_default, 39
- IOHanalyzer, 39
- IOHanalyzer-package (IOHanalyzer), 39

- limit.data, 40

- max_ERTs, 40
- mean_FVs, 41

- pairwise.test, 42
- Plot.FV.Aggregated, 43
- Plot.FV.ECDF_AUC, 44
- Plot.FV.ECDF_Per_Target, 44
- Plot.FV.ECDF_Single_Func, 45

Plot.FV.Histogram, [46](#)
Plot.FV.Multi_Func, [47](#)
Plot.FV.Parameters, [48](#)
Plot.FV.PDF, [49](#)
Plot.FV.Single_Func, [49](#)
Plot.Performviz, [50](#)
Plot.RT.Aggregated, [51](#)
Plot.RT.ECDF_AUC, [52](#)
Plot.RT.ECDF_Multi_Func, [53](#)
Plot.RT.ECDF_Per_Target, [53](#)
Plot.RT.ECDF_Single_Func, [54](#)
Plot.RT.Histogram, [55](#)
Plot.RT.Multi_Func, [56](#)
Plot.RT.Parameters, [57](#)
Plot.RT.PMF, [58](#)
Plot.RT.Single_Func, [58](#)
Plot.Stats.Glicko2_Candlestick, [60](#)
Plot.Stats.Significance_Graph, [60](#)
Plot.Stats.Significance_Heatmap, [61](#)
plot_general_data, [62](#)
print.DataSet, [63](#)
print.DataSetList, [64](#)

read_index_file, [64](#)
register_DSC, [65](#)
runServer, [65](#)

save_plotly, [66](#)
save_table, [66](#)
scan_index_file, [67](#)
seq_FV, [68](#)
seq_RT, [68](#)
set_color_scheme, [69](#)
set_DSC_credentials, [70](#)
SP, [70](#)
subset.DataSetList, [71](#)
summary.DataSet, [71](#)
summary.DataSetList, [72](#)